### CITY OF MONROE, WASHINGTON

### RESOLUTION NO 96-18

A RESOLUTION BY THE CITY OF MONROE ESTABLISHING AN INVESTMENT POLICY.

WHEREAS, The Finance Director of the City of Monroe is required to invest public funds in a manner which will provide the highest investment return with the maximum security in accordance to the laws and regulations governed by the State of Washington governing the investment of public funds.

NOW THEREFORE, be it resolved by the City Council of the City of Monroe, Washington as follows:

- 1. The City Council of The City of Monroe, Washington hereby designates the Finance Director of the City to be the "Prudent Person" of the City of Monroe to manage the public funds exercising due diligence in accordance with written procedures outlined in the Investment Policy (Exhibit A).
- 2. This designation is made pursuant to Section 2.0 of the investment policy which applies to all financial assets of the City of Monroe accounted for in the City's Annual Financial Report.
- 3. This resolution shall become effective immediately upon its passage and approval as required by law.

PASSED by the City Council of the City of Monroe this 18th day of December 1996.

CITY OF MONROE, WASHINGTON

Bob R Holman, Mayor

ATTEST:

Betty King, City Clerk

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

Donald J Lyderson, City Attorney

# **CITY OF MONROE**

# **INVESTMENT POLICY**

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### CITY OF MONROE

### **INVESTMENT POLICY**

## (Exhibit A)

# **Section 1.0 Policy:**

It is the policy of the City of Monroe to invest public funds in a manner which will provide the highest investment return with the maximum security while meeting the daily cash flow demands on the Treasury and conforming to all Washington statutes governing the investment of public funds.

## Section 2.0 Scope:

This investment policy applies to all financial assets of the City of Monroe. These funds are accounted for in the City's Annual Financial Report and may include:

### **Section 2.1 Funds:**

- 2.1.1 General Fund
- 2.1.2 Special Revenue Funds
- 2.1.3 Capital Project Funds
- 2.1.4 Enterprise Funds
- 2.1.5 Internal Service Funds
- 2.1.6 Any new fund created by the Council, unless specifically exempted by the Council

### **Section 3.0 Prudence:**

Investments shall be made with judgement and care-under circumstances then prevailing-which persons of prudence, discretion and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the probable safety of their capital as well as the probable income to be derived.

## Section 3.1:

The standard of prudence to be used by investment officials shall be the "prudent person" and shall be applied in the context of managing an overall portfolio. Investment officers acting in accordance with written procedures and exercising due diligence shall be relieved of personal responsibility for an individual security's credit risk or market price changes, provided deviations from expectations are reported in a timely fashion and appropriate action is taken to control adverse developments.

## Section 4.0 Objective:

The primary objectives, in priority order, of the City's investment activities shall be:

# Section 4.1 Safety:

Safety of principal is the foremost objective of the City of Monroe Investments of the City shall be undertaken in a manner that seeks to ensure the preservation of capital in the overall portfolio. To attain this objective, diversification is required in order that potential losses on individual securities do not exceed the income generated from the remainder of the portfolio.

# Section 4.2 Liquidity:

The City's investment portfolio will remain sufficiently liquid to enable the City to meet all operating requirements which might be reasonably anticipated.

#### **Section 4.3 Return on Investment:**

The City's investment portfolio shall be designed with the objective of attaining a market rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles, taking into account the City's investment risk constraints and the cash flow characteristics of the portfolio.

# Section 5.0 Delegation of Authority:

Management responsibility for the investment program is hereby delegated to the Finance Director, who shall establish written procedures for the operation of the investment program, consistent with the investment policy. No person may engage in an investment transaction except as provided under the terms of this policy and the procedures established by the Finance Director.

## Section 6.0 Ethics and Conflict of Interest:

Officers and employees involved in the investment process shall refrain from personal business activity that could conflict with proper execution of the investment program, or which could impair their ability to make impartial investment decisions. Investment officials shall disclose to the Mayor and City Council any material financial interests in financial institutions that conduct business within this jurisdiction, and they shall further disclose any large personal financial/investment positions that could be related to the performance of the City's portfolio.

# Section 7.0 Authorized Financial Dealers and Institutions:

The Finance Director will maintain a list of financial institutions as required by the Public Deposit Commission, authorized to provide investment services (RCW 39.58.080). In addition, a list will also be maintained of approved security broker/dealers selected by credit worthiness, who maintain an office in the State of Washington. These may include "primary" dealers or regional dealers that qualify under Securities & Exchange Commission Rule 15C3-1 (Uniform Net Capital Rule). No public deposit shall be made except in a qualified public depository in the State of Washington. A current financial statement is required to be on file for each financial institution and broker/dealer in which the City invests.

## **Section 8.0 Authorized Investments:**

All municipal corporations in Washington State, including the City of Monroe, are empowered by statute to invest in the following types of securities. (The enabling legislation is contained in RCW 36.29.020, as amended, and as limited by RCW 39.58.080, as amended).

#### Section 8.1:

Investment deposits including certificates of deposit, with qualified public depositories as defined in Chapter 39.58 RCW.

#### Section 8.2:

Certificates, notes, or bonds of the United States, or other obligations of the United States or its agencies, or of any corporation wholly owned by the government of the United States (such as the Government National Mortgage Association).

## Section 8.3:

Obligations of government-sponsored corporations which are eligible as collateral for advances to member banks as determined by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. (These include but are not limited to Federal Home Loan Bank notes and bonds, Federal National Mortgage Association notes, debentures guaranteed certificates of participation).

#### Section 8.4:

Bankers' acceptance purchased on the secondary market.

#### Section 8.5:

State Investment Pool.

# Section 9.0 Safekeeping and Custody:

All security transactions entered into by the City of Monroe shall be conducted on a delivery-versus-payment (DVP) basis or Safekeeping dependent on the type of security. Delivery-versus-payment Securities will be held by a third party custodian designated by the Finance Director.

### **Section 10.0 Diversification:**

The City will diversify its investment by security type and institution. With the exception of U.S. Treasury securities and the State Investment Pool, no more than 50% of the City's total investment portfolio will be invested in a single security type or with a single financial institution.

### **Section 11.0 Maturities:**

To the extent possible, the City will attempt to match its investments with anticipated cash flow requirements. Unless matched to a specific cash flow, the City will not directly invest in securities maturing more than five years from the date of purchase.

Reserve or CIP funds may be invested in securities exceeding five years if the maturity of such investments are made to coincide as nearly as practicable with the expected use of the funds.

### **Section 12.0 Internal Control:**

The Finance committee under the direction of the City Administrator shall establish a process of periodic review of the Investment Policy to ensure policies and procedures are being complied with. All investments are reviewed by the City Administrator, Mayor and City Council on a monthly basis.

### **Section 13.0 Performance Standards:**

The City of Monroe investment portfolio will be designed to obtain a market average rate of return during budgetary and economic cycles, taking into account the City's investment risk constraints and cash flow needs.

### Section 13.1 Market Yield:

The basis used by the Finance Director to determine whether market yields are being achieved shall be the six-month U.S. Treasury Bill and the average Federal funds rate.

## **Section 14.0 Reporting:**

The Finance Director is charged with the responsibility of reporting investment activities to City Council with the monthly cash reports.

# **Section 15.0 Investment Policy Adoption:**

The City of Monroe investment policy shall be adopted by resolution of the City Council. The policy shall be reviewed on an annual basis by the City Administrator and any modifications made thereto must be approved by the City Council.

### GLOSSARY

AGENCIES: Federal agency securities.

ASKED: The price at which securities are offered.

BANKERS' ACCEPTANCE (BA): A draft bill or exchange accepted by a bank or trust company. The accepting institution guarantees payment of the bill as well as the insurer.

BID: The price offered for securities.

BROKER: A broker brings buyers and sellers together for a commission paid by the initiator of the transaction or by both sides; he does not position. In the money market, brokers are active in markets in which banks buy and sell money and in interdealer markets.

COLLATERAL: Securities, evidence of deposit or other property which a borrower pledges to secure repayment of a loan. This also refers to securities pledged by a bank to secure deposits of public monies.

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT: The official annual report for the City of Monroe. It includes basic financial statements for each individual fund and account groups prepared in conformity with GAAP. It also includes supporting schedules necessary to demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions.

CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT (CD): A time deposit with a specific maturity evidenced by a certificate. Large-denomination CD's are typically negotiable.

COUPON: (a) The annual rate of interest that a bond's issuer promises to pay the bondholder on the bond's face value. (b) A certificate attached to a bond evidencing interest due on a payment date.

DEALER: A dealer, as opposed to a broker, acts as a principal in all transactions, buying and selling for his own account.

DELIVERY VERSUS PAYMENT: There are two methods of delivery for securities: delivery versus payment and delivery versus receipt (also called free). Delivery versus payment is the delivery of securities with an exchange of money for the securities. Delivery versus receipt is the delivery of securities with and exchange of a signed receipt for the securities.

DEBENTURE: A bond secured only by the general credit of the issuer.

DISCOUNT: The difference between the cost price of a security and its value at maturity when quoted at lower than face value. A security selling below original offering price shortly after sale also is considered to be at a discount.

DISCOUNT SECURITIES: Non-interest bearing money markets instruments that are issued at a discount and redeemed at maturity for full face value, e.g., U.S. Treasury bills.

DIVERSIFICATION: Dividing investment funds among a variety of securities offering independent returns.

FEDERAL CREDIT AGENCIES: Agencies of the Federal government set up to supply credit to various classes of institutions and individuals, e.g., S&L's, small business firms, students, farmers, farm cooperatives and exporters.

FEDERAL FUNDS RATE: The rate of interest at which Federal funds are traded. This rate is currently pegged by the Federal Reserve through open-market operations.

FEDERAL OPEN MARKET COMMITTEE (FOMC): Consists of seven members of the Federal Reserve Board and five of the twelve federal Reserve Bank Presidents. The President of the New York Federal Reserve Bank is a permanent member while the other Presidents serve on a rotating basis. The committee periodically meets to set Federal Reserve guidelines regarding purchases and sales of Government Securities in the open market as a means of influencing the volume of the bank credit and money.

FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM: The central bank of the United States created by Congress and consisting of a seven member Board of Governors in Washington, D.C., 12 Regional Banks and about 5,700 commercial banks that are members of the system.

FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION (FDIC): A federal agency that insures bank deposits, currently up to \$100,000 per deposit.

FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS (FHLB): The institutions that regulate and lend to savings and loan associations. The Federal Home Loan Banks play a role analogous to that played by the Federal Reserve Banks vis-a-vis member commercial banks.

FEDERAL NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION (FNMA): FNMA, like GNMA, was chartered under the Federal National Mortgage Association Act in 1938. FNMA is a federal corporation working under the auspices of the Department of Housing and Urban Development, H. U. D. It is the largest single provider of residential mortgage funds in the United States. Fannie Mae, as the corporation is called, is a private stockholder corporation. The corporation's purchases include a variety of adjustable mortgages and second loans in addition to fixed-rate mortgages. FNMA's securities are also highly liquid and are widely accepted. FNMA assumes and guarantees that all security holders will receive timely payment of principal and interest.

GOVERNMENT NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION (GNMA or Ginnie Mae): Securities guaranteed by GNMA and issued by mortgage bankers, commercial banks, savings and loan associations and other institutions. Security holder is protected by full faith and credit of the U.S. Government. Ginnie Mae securities are backed by FHA, VA, or FMHM mortgages. The term pass-through is often used to describe Ginnie Maes.

LIQUIDITY: A liquid asset is one that can be converted easily and rapidly into cash without a substantial loss of value.

MARKET VALUE: The price at which a security is trading and could presumably be purchased or sold.

MATURITY: The date upon which the principal or stated value of an investment becomes due and payable.

MONEY MARKET: The market in which short-term debt instruments (bills, commercial paper, bankers' acceptances, etc.) are issued and traded.

OPEN MARKET OPERATIONS: Purchases and sales of government and certain other securities in the open market by the New York Federal Reserve Bank as directed by the FOMC in order to influence the volume of money and credit in the economy. Purchases inject reserves into the bank system and stimulate growth, money and credit; sales have the opposite effect. Open market operations are the Federal Reserve's most important and most flexible monetary policy tool.

PORTFOLIO: Collection of securities held by an investor.

PRUDENT PERSON RULE: An investment standard. In some states the law requires that a fiduciary, such as a trustee, may invest money only in a list of securities selected by the state--the so-called legal list. In other states, the trustee may invest in a security if it is one which would be bought by a prudent person of discretion and intelligence who is seeking a reasonable income and preservation of capital.

PRIMARY DEALER: A group of government securities dealers that submit daily reports of market activity and positions and monthly financial statements to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York and are subject to its informal oversight. Primary dealers include Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) registered securities broker-dealers, banks and a few unregulated firms.

RATE OF RETURN: The yield obtainable on a security based on its purchase price or its current market price. This may be the amortized yield to maturity on a bond or the current income return.

QUALIFIED PUBLIC DEPOSITORIES: A financial institution which does not claim exemption from the payment of any sales of compensating use of ad valorem taxes under the laws of this state, which has segregated for the benefit of the commission eligible collateral having a value of not less than its maximum liability and which has been approved by the Public Deposit Protection Commission to hold public deposits.

SAFEKEEPING: A service to customers rendered by banks for a fee whereby securities and valuable of all types and descriptions are held in the bank's vaults for protection.

SECONDARY MARKET: A market made for the purchase and sale of outstanding issues following the initial distribution.

SEC RULE 15C3-1: See Uniform Net Capital Rule.

SECURITIES & EXCHANGE COMMISSION: Agency created by Congress to protect investors in securities transactions by administering securities legislation.

TREASURY BILLS: A non-interest bearing discount security issued by the U.S. Treasury to finance the national debt. Most bills are issued to mature in three months, six months, or one year.

TREASURY BOND: Long-term U.S. Treasury securities having initial maturities of more than ten years.

TREASURY NOTES: Intermediate term coupon bearing U.S. Treasury securities having initial maturities from one to ten years.

YIELD: The rate of annual income return on an investment, expressed as a percentage. (a) INCOME YIELD is obtained by dividing the current dollar income by the current market price for the security. (b) NET YIELD or YIELD TO MATURITY is the current income yield minus any premium above par or plus any discount from par in purchase price, with the adjustment spread over the period from the date of purchase to the date of maturity of the bond.

UNIFORM NET CAPITAL RULE: Securities and Exchange Commission requirement that member firms as well as nonmember broker-dealers in securities maintain a maximum ratio of indebtedness to liquid capital of 15 to 1; this is also called net capital rule and net capital ratio. Indebtedness covers all money owed to a firm, including margin loans and commitments to purchase securities, one reason new public issues are spread among members of underwriting syndicates. Liquid capital includes cash and assets easily converted into cash.

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# Washington Municipal Treasurer's Association

CATY OF MONROE

March 10, 1998

Bill Verwolf
City Administrator
City of Monroe
806 West Main Street
Monroe WA 98272

Dear Mr. Verwolf:

It is my pleasure to inform you that the City of Monroe's investment policy has been certified by the Washington Municipal Treasurer's Association (WMTA) Investment Policy Certification Committee. This certification attests that your investment policy conforms to the standards established by WMTA. Your investment policy was considered and certified by a peer review committee and received approval by consensus of three independent reviewers.

You will be recognized at the 1998 Annual WMTA Conference at the noon business lunch Thursday, April 9, 1998. The conference is being held at Campbell's Resort, Lake Chelan.

The WMTA Investment Policy Certification Program is intended to provide guidance in the formulation of a structure to govern the investment of public funds. It must be implemented in conjunction with a careful reading of and strict adherence to applicable statutes, judicial decisions and legal opinions. It is not a guarantee against loss due to economic and market conditions or human behavior.

Once again, *congratulations on a job well done*. Please call me at (360) 902-9010 if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

Cristin E. Wilson, Chairman

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WMTA Investment Policy Certification Committee

cc: Carol Grey

City of Monroe, Finance Director

Monroe Monitor